taxtalks

TOPIC: Tax Considerations for Small Businesses

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About Me

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Starting a Business



Hobby vs. Business

Hobby – limit on deductions, no loss allowed Business – no loss limitation, SE tax

IRS uses nine factors to determine



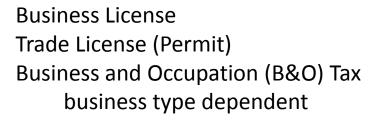
- 1. **Manner in Which the Taxpayer Carries On the Activity.** The trade or business must be carried on regularly and in a continuous manner.
- 2. The Expertise of the Taxpayer or His Advisors. The owner must have and use the necessary skills and knowledge to run a successful business.
- 3. **Time and Effort Expended by the Taxpayer.** How the time is spent is more important than the amount of time spent on the activity.
- 4. **Expectation that Assets Will Appreciate in Value.** The taxpayer may intend to derive a profit from the operation of the activity and overall profit will result
- 5. Taxpayer's Success in Other Activities.
- 5. **Taxpayer's History of Income or Losses.** A series of losses incurred during the startup stage of an activity does not necessarily indicate the lack of a profit objective, but it may so indicate if the losses continue beyond the customary startup period and are not otherwise explainable as due to customary business risks.
- Amount of Occasional Profit, If Any. A profit objective is strongly indicated where the taxpayer has experienced a series of profitable years.
- Financial Status of the Taxpayer. The presence of income from other sources does not, by itself, negate a profit objective.
- Elements of Personal Pleasure or Recreation. Profit need not be the only objective, and personal motives may coexist with an actual and honest intent to derive a profit.



City of Seattle

206-684-8484

https://www.seattle.gov/licenses/get-a-business-license







King County

206-296-0100 http://www.kingcounty.gov/services/business/licenses.aspx

Business License
only required for specific businesses
Personal Property Tax
anything over \$7,500
approximately \$1 for every \$1,000 above threshold
Taxi, For-Hire and TNC (Transportation Network Company)
apply for a permit



Washington State

1-800-647-7706 http://bls.dor.wa.gov/

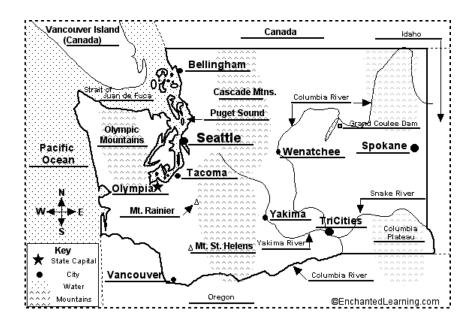
Department of Revenue (DOR)

B&O Tax

business type dependent

Secretary of State

apply for LLC (\$200)





United States

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (IRS)



Business and Individual income reported on Form 1040 Various sources of income, domestic and foreign Examples:

W-2

Interest (1009-INT)

Dividend (1099-DIV)

Retirement (Form 1099-R)

Social Security (Form SSA-1099)

Sole Proprietorship (Schedule C)

Partnership (Schedule K-1 (Form 1065))

Rental (Schedule E)

Capital Gains and Losses (Schedule D)

Farming (Schedule F)



£ 1040		of the Treasury—Internal Rev Individual Incom		Return 2	016 omb	No. 1545 - 0	074 RS Use 0	iniy—D	o not write or staple in this	space.	
For the year Jan. 1–Dec. 31, 2016, or other tax year beginning , 2016, ending , 20								Se	See separate instructions.		
Your first name and it	nitial		Last name					You	ur social security nun	nber	
If a joint return, spous	se's first nan	me and initial	Last name					Spo	ouse's social security nu	umber	
Home address (number and street). If you have a P.O. box, see instructions. Apt. no.								١.	Make sure the SSN(s)	above	
									and on line 6c are or		
City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. If you have a foreign address, also complete spaces below (see instructions).									residential Election Can	nnaion	
,		,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				k here if you, or your spouse		
Foreign country name				Foreign province/	state/county	Eon	eign postal code	joint	y, want \$3 to go to this fund.	Checking	
Poreign country mann			Foreign province/state/county			, rui	eigii posiai code	a box	below will not change your		
						_		-		Spouse	
Filing Status		Single							person). (See instruction		
_		Married filing jointly (e					ing person is a child but not your dependent, enter this				
Check only one											
box.		and full name here.			5 Qu	alifying wi	dow(er) with o	iepen			
Exemptions	6a 🗌	Yourself. If someon	ne can clai	m you as a deper	dent, do not chec	k box 6a		. }	Boxes checked on 6a and 6b		
	b	Spouse						<u>.</u> J	No. of children		
	c D	ependents:		(2) Dependent 5 (a) Dependent 5 (a) Dependent 5			✓ if child under age 17 on 6c who:		on 6c who: • lived with you		
	(1) First nam	e Last name	social security number relationship to you				(see instructions) • did not live with				
							you due to divorce or separation				
If more than four									(see instructions)		
dependents, see instructions and									Dependents on 6c not entered above		
check here										$\overline{}$	
CHOCK Here	d To	otal number of exemp	tions claim	ed				_	Add numbers on lines above >		
		Wages, salaries, tips, etc. Attach Form(s) W-2								_	
Income								7 8a			
		Tax-exempt interest. Do not include on line 8a 8b								_	
Attach Form(s)											
W-2 here. Also		Ordinary dividends. Attach Schedule B if required								-	
attach Forms		ualified dividends .			9b						
W-2G and 1099-R if tax		axable refunds, credits	10		\vdash						
was withheld.										\vdash	
		usiness income or (los	12		-						
Margardid not	13 C	apital gain or (loss). At	tach Sche	dule D if required	. If not required, cl	heck here	•	13		-	
If you did not get a W-2.	14 0	ther gains or (losses).	Attach For	m 4797				14			
see instructions.	15a IR	RA distributions .	15a		b Taxable	amount		15b			
	16a P	ensions and annuities	16a		b Taxable	amount	[16b			
	17 R	ental real estate, royal	ties, partn	erships, S corpora	ations, trusts, etc.	Attach So	chedule E	17			
	18 Fa	Farm income or (loss). Attach Schedule F						18			
	19 U							19			
		ocial security benefits			b Taxable	amount	1	20b			
		Other income. List type and amount									
		7									
	00 5	44			00			_		$\overline{}$	



Types of Business Formation (Business Entity)

Sole Proprietorship
Schedule C
income reported on Form 1040
General Partnership
partnership return Form 1065
income reported on Form K-1
S-Corporation
s-corporation return Form 1120S
income reported on Form K-1
C-Corporation
corporate return Form 1120
income reported on W-2



SCHEDULE C (Form 1040)

Profit or Loss From Business

OMB No. 1545-0074

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99) (Sole Proprietorship)

► Information about Schedule C and its separate instructions is at www.irs.gov/schedulec.

► Attach to Form 1040, 1040NR, or 1041; partnerships generally must file Form 1065.

2016 Attachment Sequence No. 09

Name	of proprietor	Social security number (SSN)						
A	Principal business or profession, including product or service (see instructions)	B Enter code from instructions						
С	Business name. If no separate business name, leave blank.	D Employer ID number (EIN), (see instr.)						
E	Business address (including suite or room no.) ▶ City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code							
F	Accounting method: (1) Cosh (2) Account (3) Other (specify)							
G	Did you "materially participate" in the operation of this business during 2016? If "No," see instructions for limit on losses .							
н	If you started or acquired this business during 2016, check here							
ı	Did you make any payments in 2016 that would require you to file Form(s) 1099? (see instructions)	Yes No						
J	If "Yes," did you or will you file required Forms 1099?	Yes No						
Par	tl Income							
1	Gross receipts or sales. See instructions for line 1 and check the box if this income was reported to you on Form W-2 and the "Statutory employee" box on that form was checked	1						
2	Returns and allowances	2						
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1	3						
4	Cost of goods sold (from line 42)	4						
5	Gross profit. Subtract line 4 from line 3	5						
6	Other income, including federal and state gasoline or fuel tax credit or refund (see instructions)	6						
7	Gross income. Add lines 5 and 6	7						



-									
Part	Part II Expenses. Enter expenses for business use of your home only on line 30.								
8	Advertising	8			18	Office expense (see instructions)	18		
9	Car and truck expenses (see				19	Pension and profit-sharing plans .	19		
	instructions)				20	Rent or lease (see instructions):			
10	Commissions and fees .	10			a	Vehicles, machinery, and equipment	20a		
11	Contract labor (see instructions)				b	Other business property	20b		
12	12 Depletion				21	Repairs and maintenance	21		
13					22	Supplies (not included in Part III) .	22		
					23	Taxes and licenses	23		
	instructions)	13			24	Travel, meals, and entertainment:			
14	Employee benefit programs				a	Travel	24a		
	(other than on line 19)	14			b	Deductible meals and			
15	Insurance (other than health)	15				entertainment (see instructions) .	24b		
16	Interest:				25	Utilities	25		
а	Mortgage (paid to banks, etc.)	16a			26	Wages (less employment credits) .	26		
b	Other	16b			27a	Other expenses (from line 48)	27a		
17	Legal and professional services	17			b	Reserved for future use	27b		
28	Total expenses before expen	ses fo	r business use of home	e. Add	lines 8	3 through 27a ▶	28		
29	Tentative profit or (loss). Subtract line 28 from line 7					29			
30	Expenses for business use of your home. Do not report these expenses elsewhere. Attach Form 8829								
	unless using the simplified method (see instructions).								
	Simplified method filers only: enter the total square footage of: (a) your home:								
	and (b) the part of your home used for business: . Use the Simplified								
	Method Worksheet in the instructions to figure the amount to enter on line 30					30			
31	31 Net profit or (loss). Subtract line 30 from line 29.								
	If a profit, enter on both Form 1040, line 12 (or Form 1040NR, line 13) and on Schedule SE, line 2.								
	(If you checked the box on line 1, see instructions). Estates and trusts, enter on Form 1041, line 3.						31		

Parts III, IV & V have to do with inventory, vehicle expense and other expenses



Home Office Deduction

Regular and exclusive use home owners and renters



Two methods to calculate

Actual

use percentage space used X home expenses

Example: office is 200 sq. ft., home is 2,000 sq. ft.

10% of heating, electricity, mortgage, insurance and depreciation recordkeeping intensive, burdensome

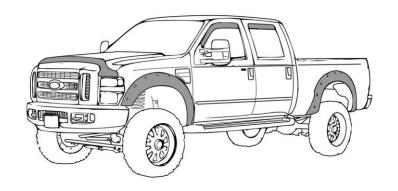
Simplified method (Safe Harbor)

square footage X \$5 to max of 300 sq. ft. no recordkeeping required



Vehicle Deduction

cars, computers, cameras
Personal vs. Business percentage



Two methods to calculate

Actual method

percentage business use X actual costs

Example: total mileage for year 12,000, business mileage 9,000 75% of oil change, tires, insurance, gasoline and depreciation recordkeeping intensive, burdensome

Simplified method

\$.54 X business miles driven recordkeeping is minimal



Recordkeeping



Substantiation

Keep records for at least four years

For vehicle: purchase price, date purchased, date put into service, total mileage, business mileage, repairs

For home office: purchase price, date purchased, date put into service, total sq. ft., repairs and improvements

For meals and travel: receipts, receipts, receipts, names, dates, topics discussed, business purpose



Hiring your Kids

Child must provide legitimate services
Under 18 years of age
Kids can contribute to IRA or Roth IRA
No FICA or Medicare if your business is a:
Sole proprietorship (owned by parent) or
Partnership (owned only by parents)



Retirement Planning



Choice of plans available for self-employed

SEP-IRA
SIMPLE IRA
SIMPLE 401(k)
SOLO 401(k)
Defined Contribution Plan



For more information, or to schedule an appointment, please visit www.blockadvisors.com or call 206-441-1040.

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